



surveys preceding construction in the municipality of Giugliano in Campania, near Naples, discovered the tomb in near-perfect condition.

Within the structure, archaeologists encountered a plethora of frescoes adorning the walls, depicting various scenes from ancient mythology. One of the paintings portrays Cerberus, the three-headed dog from Greek mythology, renowned for guarding the gates to the underworld as the hound of Hades.

Additional frescoes within the tomb portray other Greek mythological scenes, such as ichthyocentaurs—creatures with the upper body of a human, the lower body of a horse, and the tail of a fish.



According to experts, the tomb is probably of a wealthy individual as burial customs during that time often mirrored the status and significance of the person. Archaeologists intend to continue their excavation of the tomb to further unravel its history and purpose.

This discovery holds great significance, offering fresh insights into the lives and beliefs of ancient Romans. Furthermore, the well-preserved frescoes provide a rare glimpse into the art and culture of the era.

